THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

Latest Southern News

GRANT'S NEW MOVEMENT.

HIS EXCELLENT POSITION.

Capture of General Cutler.

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE OF COL. WALKER

Reported Rebel Victory in the

Shenandoah.

ATTACK ON MOBILE.

General Kilpatrick's Raid REPORTED RETREAT OF GEN.

SHERMAN. AFFAIRS IN EAST TENNESSEE.

DEARTH STRATEGIC MOVEMENT UPON WELDON HAILHOAD-THE UNIONISTS HOLDING THEIR POSITION.

rush the Petersbury Express, August 20. The Southern Railroad has become historically amous. Already three or four important battles have been fought upon it, and the same number of victories achieved by our arms-for in every engagement we have been victorious-although we have not yet snecceded in dispossessing the enemy of the position which he occupies on it. This will be done, however, in due time. A onsiderable step towards it was taken on Thursday, by General Hill, who, by a skilful and intrepid movement, threw himself upon the Federal lines at Reams' and gained a decided victory, compelling the enemy to fall back several miles, to his main line of breastworks at the Yellow Tavern, capturing upwards of a thousand prisoners, seven stands of colors, and nine spleudid pieces of artiilery, besides numerons other spoils. General Hill has now possession of the enemy's

them to excellent account. We rather think that Grant will find his brilliant strategic movement upon the Weldon Railroad a source of worse trouble to him than any he has made yet in his long, curious, and circultous march from the Rajidan to this thoroughfare. It has certainly increased the distance between his army and Richmond and put him no nearer Peteraburg. How, then, he can have improved the prospect of capturing either of these places, as he and the "letter writers" would have the people of the North to believe, is unintelligible to us. It strikes us that he has only placed himself in a position which exposes him to worse blows them he could have received if he had not so extended his lines. He has had so far a very rough and discouraging experience of the advantages of his new acquisition. We rather think that Grant will find his bril-

breastworks at Ream's, and will doubtless turn

his new acquisition.

He has lost in killed, wounded, and prisoners on the Weldon road, since he first commenced operations against it, as least fitteen thousand men, a far heavier ions than any he has sustained at any other point on the south side of James river. We are therefore at a loss to conceive how theor the Northern press can pretend to claim that in occupying this road he is at all nearer the attainment of the end of his labors than he was before. General Lee is no doubt perfectly satisfied with the movement, and will take good care that it shall bring forth its legitimate fruits, as far as his agency is concerned.

Any one to read the Yankee newspapers upon this take of Grary would appear that he had as

Any one to read the Yankee newspapers upon this feat of Grant's would suppose that he had as good as captured both Petersburg and Richmond. Editors and correspondents are in as great a glee as if the Rebellion were actually and totally crushed out, and not a ghost of a chance for another kick remained to show that it had a particle of life. But this is no new thing with the Northern people. They have a hundred times in the last three years gone into a paroxysm of Joy over just such military achievements as this boasted one of Grant's.

They have a hundred times in a similar delirium cried out that the struggle was virtually

t that the struggle was virtually over and the Union restored. They seem to de-light in these extraordinary delusions and to revel in anticipations which they know will never be realized. They learn nothing from experience; they profit nothing from the past. All their existence seems to be centered in the immediate present. They spend not a thought upon the future. They give themselves wholly up to sensational extravagance, inspired by current ruors, telegrams, and other exciting causes, how-

GENERAL CUTLER-ANOTHER UNION BAID, ETC.

Petrasauro, August 26.—The affair on the Weldon railroad yesterday was a very gallant one and successful in its results.

While the enemy's cavalry, under General

Spear, were engaged in tearing up the track, several miles beyond Reams', General Hampton attacked and forced them back benind their infantry support.

General Hampton then dismounted his men

and fought their infantry, gradually but steadily pushing them back until they reached their strong works, one mile this side of Reams', capturing about eight hundred prisoners.

At five o'clock in the afternoon General Hill attacked the enemy's works, and after a short but they fight. but sharp fight, took them, capturing a large number of prisoners and nine pieces of artillery. The enemy fied in great confusion. Colonel Pegram, of Rehmand, turned the captured guis-

upon the enemy with great effect.

The number of prisoners will probably reach twenty-five hundred. Brigadier-General Cotler

was captured. The pris ners belong to it in-cock's corps, and have been brought to town.

There was considerable thing down the road to-day, but no heavy fighting.

Our cavalry acted with conspicuous gallantry REPORTED UNION RAID.

From the Richmond Examiner, Aurost 2).

Some country people, who moved up to the city from the York Peninsula in a hurry yearerday morning, brought the report that the Yankee cavalry were landing in force at the White House, intent upon a raid.

We have an hearte official information which

explains the matter. Yesterday morning a despatch was received from Brigadiur-General Gary, that "a large tran port, sith two hundred of the enemy's cavalry, arrived at the White House last

Saturday night. The cavalry landed and drove in our pickets."

Doubless this was only a marauding party, and they protably left immediately; for the fol-lowing despatch was last evening received at

headquarters in this city :--CRUMP's CROSS ROADS, August 28, 1864, via Mendow Station.—Major T. O. Chesnay, Assis tant Adjutant General.—There is no enemy at

tant Adjutant General.—There is no enemy at the White House.

Lieutenant Commanding Pickets.

The fact is Grant has not the cavalry to spare to make up a respectable raid. His arroy, indeed, is no longer the huge affair it once was. He has only the 5th (Warren's) Corps, the 21 (Hancock's) Corps, the 9th (Burnside's) Corps, and Butler's force at Bernauda Hundred, and two cavalry divisions; one under Kauts or Spear, the office under Gregg, in all making not more than

other under Gregg, in all making not more that forty five thou-and men. THE SHELLING OF PETERSBURG RESUMED

From the Price bury Express, August 29.

The enemy again opened his batteries upon the city on Sunday morning, again in the afternoon and for the third time at night. At times the shelling was very sovere, and several bruses were struck and more or less injured. The enemy finds much gratification, no doubt, in destroying private property and killing non-combatants, as this is all they do by shelling the city.

Miscellaneous, THE UNION PRISONERS—NAMES OF OFFICER CAPTUBED.

Promithe Petersburg Erypeis, August 25. So far two thousand and thirty prisoners, captered in the battle of Thursday near Reams' Station, have been registered at the Provest Marshal's office. They were brought in on Friday inferneon and Saturday morning. Among them are about eighty non-commissioned officers, including several adjutants. There were fourteen captains, and some fifty-odd lieutenauts.

The following is a list of the principal officers captured:—

Lieutenant Colonel T. A. Walker, Acting Adju-

Major John Beattle, 164th New York. Major John W. Byron, 88th New York. Major John Byrne, 155th New York.

Major Frank Williamson, 4th New York Ienvy Artillery. It is a little singular that among so many

prisoners more prominent officers were not cap-tured. It is probable that they can at the first approach of danger, and thus saved their cowdly persons. TTEMPTED ESCAPE OF COLONEL T. A. WALKER

From the Principles of Express, August 20.

Colonel T. A. Walker, Hamoock's Adjutant-General, who was captured on Thursday, escaped from the guards on Saturday night, and attempted to reach the Yankee lines. While coronte thither he was picked up, and was yesterday returned to his brothern on the island. He is minus hat, minus coat, minus shoes, and minus socks. He is naturally a fine-looking man, but with so much apparel missing he looks rather

rom the Petersburg Express, August 29.
The fact that in the wholesale capture of pris The fact that in the wholesale capture of prisners near Reams' Station on Thursday last but
few officers of prominence were taken creates
some remark. It is not believed that all the
higher grade fellows escaped, and if not they
must be among the common berd, incog. It is
positively stated by several who saw the prisoners when first taken, that one among themwore a strap with two stars upon his shoulder
which would indicate that a major or brigadier
general was captured.

Before he was searched he may have removed
his badge of rank, in order to keep himself unknown. And yet we can see but little to gain by
this set. It is also positively stated that one
officer surrendered as a brigadier-general; but
where is he? Let them be searched out, and if
possible brought to light. Hancock's Assistant
adjutant-General, Lieutenant-Colonel T. A.
Walker, is among the prisoners.

ANOTHER BAID ON THE BACON AND ATLANTA

NOTHER RAID ON THE HACON AND ATLANTA RAILROAD—THE RESELS ROUTED AT JONES BORD - FIGHT PROGRESSING. From the Petersburg Kepress, August 20.

By the Macon papers we learn that another raid has been made on the Macon and Atlanta On Friday night the Yankees took possession of Jonesboro, routing our troops there, and on Saturday morning they were burning the track north and south of the town. The rumor is that they intend to hold the positionfat Jonesboro with an infantry force so as to compel Hood to fall

The Yankee force is variously estimated atfrom twelve hundred to three thousand. At last accounts they had been attacked by Jackson's Cavalry, and the fight was progressing; but no particulars are as yet known.

REPORTED RETREAT OF SHERMAN PROM ATLANTA It was reported yesterday that official intelli-gence had been received that Sherman was retreating from Atlanta, and that Hood was pressing him heavily. We are much disposed to believe this report, though no information on the subject has been given the press. Wheeler and others have been playing such pranks in Sher-man's rear as must have rendered his position before Atlanta dangerous and extremely uncom-fortable. From the Bichmond Examiner, August 20.

AFFAIRS IN BAST TENNESSEE.

From the Richmond Enquirer, August 29.

The Bristol Gazette, of the 25th, received yesterday, has important news of affairs in East Tennessee. We copy from its columns the following

The enemy's cavalry, two hundred and seventy-The enemy scavalry, two hundred and seventyfive strong, dashed into Rogersville on Sunday
inst, capturing Hon. J. B. Helskell, Colonel
Walker, Lieutenant Blevius and the Provost
Marshal with ninetec. dvates. After the
prisoners were formed in the and placed under
guard, three of them were shot down in
cold blood by a deserter from our army by the
name of Sizemore. Mr. Rogan's son, of Bristol, was severely wounded under the same circum-stances.

In the meantime the enemy had shipped artil-

lery from Knoxville to the vicinity of Bull's Gap, whilst a heavy force of cavairy advanced from that direction. On Tuesday they attacked our forces, who fell back before superior num-

This is the movement which that incarnate fiend, Brownlow, had in anticipation when he wrote editorially "that certain East Tennessee regiments would soon return to the Department of Rast Tennessee, when they would exterminate the Rebel population."

N. B.—We learn as we go to press that the Yankees have advanced to within a few miles of

Kingsport.

In another article, speaking of the condition of fillure, the Gazette says:

The intelligence received every few days from

East Tennessee, represents the condition of our people in that country as becoming more and more discressing. PRODUCED REBEL VICTORY IN THE VALLEY-REAVY ENGAGEMENT AT CHARLESTOWN, ETC.

From the Richmond Examiner, August 29.

It was reported yesterday morning that General arly had gained another victory in the valley The report seems to have been brought by a man who reached the city Saturday evening. His ac-count is, that General Early on last Tuesday fought the enemy near Charlestown, and drove fought the enemy near Charlestown, and drove them into Harper's Ferry, and that the battle was very desperate, our loss having been upwards of one thousand. We published the fact on Friday that General Early had telegraphed that he had "pressed the enemy back to Harper's Ferry." The skirmishing that took place whils the enemy were being "pressed back," is no doubt the only foundation for the reported battle. Sheridan has under him a force of over forty thousand men, but they are composed of the

thousand men, but they are composed of the most heterogeneous material, and there is little fight in them. At least half of them are hundred ight in them. At least half of them are hundred day men, who feel that they have been imposed upon by heing put into the field, as they emisted upon the understanding that they were to be em-ployed only in garrison duy. They told the people of the valley that they did not intend to light; they would not mind having a bout with "the cavairy," but, as to fighting Early they had no idea of it. These Yankees have been as good as their word.

A BATTLE FOR THE POSSESSION OF MOBILE EX-PECTED-THE CONCENTRATION OF THE UNION From the Mobile Revision

There are some intelligent observers who be-lieve that the Yankees are massing an army for a determined attack on Mobile. With the troops already on Dauphin Island and behind Fort Morgan, and those lately withdrawn from Western Texas, Morganzia, Louisiana, from A. J. Smith's army, in front of General Forrest, these gentlearmy, in front of General Forces, those genite-men are of the opinion that the enemy can gather twenty-five thousand in aid of the fleet, for an attack on our water and land lines. Our authori-ties are wisely acting upon this hypothesis, and our present words have no reference to them. But it is as the question relates to non-comba-tuants that we present it to their consideration. We do not mean to write any more articles to We do not mean to write any more articles to drive off and scare away the women and children, if we can help it. But it is our duty to state the facts, so that fathers and other heads of tamilies can act understandingly in the premises. We therefore say that, from present appearances, the Yankees are going to be fools enough to try the arrength of their heads against our fortifica-tions, and those whose business it is not to stand fire had better "stand from under."

LATER FROM EUROPE.

STEAMSHIP "RECLA" AT HALIFAX.

The Commercial Difficulties Between Egypt and the United States Satisfactorily Adjusted.

HALIVAN, September 2 .- The steamer Heels, rom Liverpool on the 23d, and Queenstown on he 24th of August, has arrived.

The difficulties between the Egyptian Government and the United States have been satisfac Electioneering riots had occurred at Geneva, Switzerland, but have subsided.

The ship Frank Pierce was abandoned at sea

The frigate Niagars had arrived in the Tagus.
The British Customs had issued an order that
so ships of war, of either of the American beligerents, shall be allowed to enuter any English ports for the purpose of being dismantied and sold.

Commercial Intelligence. Liverpool Markers, August 23.—Cotton. Sales yesterday and to-day 10,000 bales, including 2500 to speculators and exporters. The market s irregular and mactive, and quotations are unchanged. Breadstuffs firmer. Provisions very

LONDON MARKETS, August 23 .- Consols closed t 88]@89 for money, London, August 24.—Consols 88]@89 for

MERICAN SECURITIES. — Illinois Central shares, 454@444 per cent. discount; Eric shares, 41@42. Arrived from Baltimere, Amable at Liverpool.

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION ARMY OF POTOMAC.

GRANT, SHERIDAN, FARRAGUT INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

ALLQUIET ATPETERSBURG

EARLY RETREATING SLOWLY.

Disgraceful and Unmilitary Conduct of Gen. Page in the Surrender of Fort Morgan.

special to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, September 2.-The mail-boat from City Point, yesterday morning, reports all quiet on General Grant's front. The enemy agnifests no disposition, as yet, to make any further efforts to recover the Weldon road.

From Sheridan reliable information is received that Early is withdrawing his forces slowly down the valley by way of Middleburg and Strasburg. The Navy Department this morning received Admiral Parragut's official report of the surrender of Fort Morgan. He says that most of the guns were spiked, and some of the gun carriages broken, and that this childish demonstration on the part of General Page and his officers was made after the fort had been surrendered, and contrasts the conduct of General Page with that of Colonel Anderson at Fort Gaines, who, as is customary in cases of capitulation, maintained intact the property and armament in the fort,

after surrender. Many of the officers of Fort Morgan had no swords to surrender, and of those who had, some were broken. Farragut says that, notwithstanding the boast that their guns would be defended to the last, not an effort was made to defend them at all on the part of the garrison, as not a shot was fired after the bombardment commenced.

OFFICIAL WAR GAZETTE. Admiral Farragut's Report of the Capture of Fort Morgan-Condition of the Work and its Garrison-Reprehensible

Conduct of General Page, etc. WASHINGTON, September 2.-The Navy Deariment to-day received the following from Admiral Farragut:-

FLAG-SHIP "HARTFORD," WEST GULF BLOCK-ADING SQUADRON, MORTER BAY, August 25, 1864.—Sir:—I had the honor, in my despatch No. 31, to state to the Department that Fort Morgan had surrendered on the 23d ultimo to the army and navy, though at the time that despatch was written and mailed, the ceremony of surrender had not actually taken place.

E The correspondence preliminary to that event

is herewith forwarded, and marked Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4. The Department will perceive the terms of capitulation were the same as in the case of Fort Gaines. General Page endeavored to obtain more favorable terms, but without success. I regret to state that, after the assembling o the Rebel officers at the appointed hour of 2 P. M., for the surrender outside of the fort, it was discovered, on an examination of the interior, that most of the guns were spiked, many of the gun-carringes wantonly injured, and the arms, ammunition, and provisions, etc., destroyed, and

there was every reason to believe that this had

been done after a white flag had been raised. It was also discovered that General Page and several of his officers had no swords to deliver up, and further, that some of those which were surrendered had been broken. The whole conduct of the officers of Fort Gaines and Fort Morgan presents such a striking contrast in moral principle, that I cannot fall to remark upon it. Colonel Anderson, who commanded er, finding himself in a position pe fectly untenable, and incumbered with a superfluous number of conscripts, many of whom were boys, determined to surrender a fort which he could not defend, and in this determination was supported by all his officers save one; but from the moment he hoisted the white flag, he scrupulously kept everything intact, and in that condition delivered it over, whilst General Page and his officers, with a childish spitefulness, dostroyed the guns which they had said they would defend to the last, but which they never defended at all; and threw away and broke those weapons which they had not the manliness to use against their enemies; for Fort Morgan never fired a gun after the commencement of the bombardment, and the advanced pickets of our army were

As before stated, the ceremony of surrender took place at 2 P. M., and that same afternoon all the garrison were sent to New Orleans in the United States steamers Tennessee and Bienville, where they arrived safely.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, D. G. FARRAGUT, Rear-Admiral Com. W. G. B. S. Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of Navy,

FORT MORGAN, August 23, 1864.—Rear-Admiral D. G. Farragut, U. S. N., Major-General Gordon Granger, U. S. A.—Gentlemen:—The further sacrifice of life being unnecessary, and my sick and wounded suffering and being exposed, humanity demands that I ask for terms of capitulation. Very respectfully, &c., R. L. Page, Brig.-Gen., C. S. A.

Headquarters United States Forces, Mo-sile Bay, August 23, 1864.—I have notified Admiral Farragut of your desire to capitulate. Until his arrival hostilities will be asspended, when your proposal will be duly considered. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, G. Garanorn.

G. Ghanona,
Major-General U. S. A., Commanding.
To Brigadier-General R. L. Page, commanding at Fort Morgan.

Headquarters U. S. Forces, Models Bay, August 23, 1864.—Brigadler General R. L. Page, Commanding Fort Morgan:—General:—In reply to your communication of this date, received by Captain Taylor, asking for terms of capitalation, we have to say that the only terms we can make

First. The unconditional surrender of yourseland the garrison of Fort Morgan, with all of the public property within its limits, and in the same condition as it is now. Second. The treatment which is in conformity

Second. The treatment which is in conformity with the custom of the most civilized nations towards prisoners of war.

Third. Private property—with the exception of arms—will be respected.

P. Drayton, Captain U.S. N.,
On the part of Admiral Farragat, communiting the Naval forces.

R. Askold, Brig-Gen. U.S. A.
On the part of General Granger, commanding United States forces.

Four Monoan, August 23, 1864.—To Captain Drayton, United States Navy; Brigadier-General R. Arnold, United States Army, acting on the part respectively for Admiral Farragut and General Granger.—Gentlemen:—Your conditions in the communication of to-day are accepted, but I have still to request that the terms asked in behalf of my sick be granted and inserted in the construction. capitulation.

I will be prepared to surrouder at 2 o'clock and to embark as soon as possible.

Respectfully, &c., R. L. Page,
Brigadier-General, C. S. A.

Markets by Telegraph. New York Markets, September 2.—Flour dvanced 150:300.1 sales of 20.000 labs at \$8750:310 00 for tate \$12 50:010 35 for Ohio) and \$11 20:914 for Southern. Chest has advanced 28 for sales unfrapersons. Corn is Whishy duil. Receipts Flour, 54,000 bbis.; Wheat, 50,000 bush.; Corn Ricelpts Flort, St. We can, 12.—Stocks are weak. Cooks and Book Island, 1905; Camberland Preferred. Chicago and Book Island, 1905; Camberland Preferred. It illinois Central, 1985; Limois Central Bonds, 193; New York Central, 199; Reading, 191; Huddeon River, 1931; Centen Gowgany, 84; Missouri va. 645; Eric, 197; Origon Central Company, 84; Missouri va. 645; Eric, 197; Camberland, 1984; Transmap, 193-100, 12; Eric Lwenty Coupens, 1944; Coupon 6, 197); Oold, 253;

PUNISHMENT OF DISLOYAL CITIZENS.

Rebel Deserters not to be Drafted or Received as Substitutes.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

Special to The Evening Telegraph. WARRINGTON, September 2, -Our troops in Fairfax and Loudon counties, Virginia, having een much molested of late by bushwhackers, it has been determined to put a stop to the annoyance by arresting the disloyal citizens of the neighborhood, many of whom are believed to be connected with these Robel gangs.

Yesterday thirty-two of the aiders and abettors of the Rebel guerillas were brought to this city, and committed to the Old Capitol prison.

The War Department has issued an order ex mpting Rebel deserters from the draft, and prohibiting them from being received as substitutes or recruits. The latest news from the valley is to the effect

Strasburg. The mail boat from City Point reports all quiet in front of Petersburg. Some of the rails of the Weldon railroad, pulled up by our troops, have been put to service to iron-coat some of

that Early is falling back towards Middletown and

HEAVY ROBBERY AT BOSTON. BOSTON, September 2.-The messenger of the Mutual Redemption Bank was robbed this morning of \$50,000.

ADJOURNMENT OF A CONVENTION. BUFFALO, September 2 .- The Sunday School Convention adjourned last evening, after three days' session. The attendance was very large.

ARRIVAL OF THE "JURA." FATHER POINT, September 2.—The steamship Tura, from Liverpool, has passed this point, bound to Quebec. Her news is anticipated.

Baltimons, September 2.—Flour dull; Ohlo extra \$126 12 25 Wheat buoyan; 5000 bosh. Southern red sald at \$1 5001 \$0, and 2000 Pennsylvania at \$1.65\$ 173. Grocests quiet, with an upwart tentancy. Provisions dull. Whishy dull and heavy at \$120.

Markets by Telegraph.

WHEELER'S RAID IN TENNESSEE.

Rebels Occupy Murfreesboro.

APPROACH TO NASHVILLE.

A BATTLE NEAR LEBANON. General Rousseau Drives the

Enemy Three Miles. FIGHTING CONSTANTLY IN PROGRESS

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

NASHVILLE, September 1 .- A Rebel force, estimated 10,000 strong, with twelve gans, were within seventeen miles of Nashville, on the New Freedom pike, at daylight this morning.

and infantry, started yesterday afternoon and met the enemy's advance early this morning. Sharp skirmishing ensued, with varying success, and at the last accounts Rousseau had driven the Rebels three miles towards Murfreesboro. A messenger from the advance reports that Wheeler's whole force is between this city and

Murfreesboro, and that there is a large Rebel force at Lebanon. Prisoners and some wounded have been sent

in from Rousseau's front. Movements of Rebel Raiders-Wheeler's Cavalry near Murfreesboro-General Mulligan a Prisoner.

Nashyllle, August 30.—Official news from Chattaneoga states that Wheeler crossed the Tennessee river on the 28th, at Kinston, moving towards Sparta and McMinaville. On the 28th, Colonel Detrill, of Wheeler's command, attacked Major Waters, of the 5th Tennessee, in command then, who fell back to Tullahoma, where he had a sharp fight of three hours, with a least of 20 and 10 and a sharp fight of three hours with a loss of 20 men

killed and missing.

Major Waters followed only a few miles. A cittizen of McMinnville says Detrill told him that Wheeler was moving towards Nashville. Not much credence is given to this, but it is expected that Wheeler will strike the railroad between Morfreestoro and Tullahoma. Roddy, with 3000 men and nine pieces of artillery, is across the Tennessee river, near Moulton. His forces the Tennessee river, near Moulton. His forces consist of two brigades, Patterson's and Johnson's. Conscripts coming in report that Roddy was stealing his horses and getting ready to move. He says a large number of small boats are in Big Nance creek, but hopes to cross at the shoals. Forcest wishes Roddy to delay a few days and join him in an attack on Decatur. Despatches from Gallatin report that the Rebels were difteen thousand strong at Lebanon, Tenn., on the 30th, and surrounded the place. Captain Rush's East Tennessee Cavalry was captured and Genoral Mulligan. But a few men escaped, who report Mulligan. But a few men escaped, who report

the capture. [second Desparce.] Nashville, August 30.—Late news just come says that part of the commands of both Forrest and Roddy have crossed the Tennesseeriver, and are advancing towards Polaski. The crossing was made at Suwanna and Tuscomba. Colonel Nixon, of Roddy's command, was with the ad-vance, and was enforcing a wholesale conscrip-tion on every man be met. The last despatch to the Quartermaster-General from Gallatin says Wheeler has crossed the Cumberland .- Pittsbu

THE GUERILLA WAR IN KENTUCKY. LOUISVILLE, September 1.—Fifteen guerillas, under Billy McGrande, are reported to have thrown an engine off the track of the Lebanon Branch Railroad, this afternoon, six miles from New Haven. They burned the express and baggage cars and robbed the passengers, and left in the direction of Bardstown.

Jessie's gang of two nundred guerillas returned this morning from a raid to the Ohio river, and encamped four miles from New Castle. The inhabitants of that town momentarily expected

Passengers from Nashville report that Wheeler, Forrest, and Roddy are engaged in tearing up the track of the Great Western Railroad, between Nashville and the Tennessee river. The Union says that Rousseau has made such disposition of his force that these Rebal com-

has gone out to give Wheeler battle. Boston, September 2.—The Europa has arrived at this port. Her mails left for the south by the morning train, and will be due in Philadelphia

this evening. Carno, September 1 .- The steamer Platte Valley sunk last night at Devil's Island, near Cape

-There is talk of establishing in Paris a uni-

ALL QUIET ON WEDNESDAY.

WARMINGTON, September 2 .- The latest information from the Army of the Potomae is that Wednesday passed without any changes in the relative positions of the two armies which can be of any interest to the general reader. The mouster 15-inch morrar, mounted on a railroad car; has recently been sent up the road opposite to Petersburg, and a few shells thrown by it into the city. The object of this was to deter the Rebels from firing on our pickets, and it seems to have been partially successful.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE. FORTHER MONROE, September 1 .- A schooner, ame unknown, ran the blockade yesterday, and

got safely into Smithfield, Va. A small force was sent to Smithfield yesterday, and were ordered to make a reconnoissance; but were met by a party of guerillas and prevented om landing.

The mail steamer John Brooks has arrived rom City Point, bringing twenty prisoners; but to news from the army.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

STATE OF THERMOMETER TO-DAY. -Six A. M., Noon, 77. One P. M., 79. Wind, N. E.

THE DRAFT-MEETINGS TO-NIGHT .- The beneat resulting from a thorough canvassing of the wards of our city, in order to ascertain the number of men that are actually due from each ward, in accordance with the demands of the deaft, is exemplified in the case of the Fifth Ward. At a exemplified in the case of the Fifth Ward. At a meeting of the Draft Committee, held last evening, it was reported that they had attended to the duty assigned them, and had secured the names of a large number of recruits for the naval and land service, who had never been credited to the ward. They also reported that by deducting this number from the quota of the ward, 281, they would be exempt from the coming draft.

We cannot too strongly impress upon our citizens the necessity of just such action as that referred to above. There is not a ward in our city that has not furnished some men to the naval service, and, as has been found the case in some half dozen wards, no credit has been given for them, and, therefore, but for the discovery the draft would have borne very onerously upon them.

draft would have borne very one rocally upon them.

Take, for instance, also, the case of the Second Ward. A thorough canvass of the Ward has shown that credit is due for enlistments in the navy to the number of three hundred and the navy to the number of three hundred and twenty four men. At a recent meeting a committee of the Ward Association was appointed to go to Washington and got the authorities there to give proper credit for this number. The committee returned yesterday evening, and reported that their claims had been presented and were correct, but they could not ascertain the number of men with which the ward would be credited as having enlisted in the navy. They expect, however, to receive a credit of from two to three hundred. The demand upon this ward is very heavy; and if but even one hundred men can be deducted from its quota, the labors of the committee will have been simply rewarded.

While these investigations are progressing, our citizens should at the same time set to work in good carnest to fill whatever deficit may be supposed to exist by recruits. All that is wanted is

posed to exist by recruits. All that is wanted is money, and the men can be easily enough ob-tained. Sufficient time yet remains to raise the requisite number of men if Philadelphians only come forward and liberally contribute to

the cause.

A mass meeting in relation to the draft will be held to night at Carroll School House, Salmon street, above Somerset, Twenty-fifth ward, and also at the Hall, Second and Coates streets, Elevant ward.

BIRNEY'S SHARPSHOOTERS,-The regiment of Sharpshooters now being organized in this State, five companies of which are being raised and credited to Philadelphia, are to be attached to General Birney's command for special service. The General saw the necessity of such an organisation, and intends to use them on special occasions, only when their services will prove most effective. Major Moore, an old voteran of the Army of the Potomac, was sent on to superin-tend recruiting for the regiment, and thus far has achieved great success. The regiment rapidly filling, although the five companies forming outside of the city will be complete long before those that are being recruited here. Philadelphia owes it to herself that these companies should be filled at the same time as the others, in order that the regiment may not be delayed in its march to the seat of war. The Birney Sharp-shooters will no doubt soon gain for themselves a reputation as widespread and familiar as the gallant "Bucktails" or the Berdan Sharpshooters.

Lost,-The "Record of Honor," the book in which at the magnificent Central Pair was enrolled the names of those who had performed some deed of valor or mercy for their country, or its brave defenders, has been lost. The or its brave defenders, has been lost. The "Record" was to have been deposited in the Philadelphia Library for inspection, but never reached there. Many of the names contained in this book were those of dead heroes, brave solders who had given their lives for their country's sake, and in return found unknown graves, and of whose deeds there remains no record, save in the hearts that mourn their loss. Many availed themselves of this "Record of Honor" as a means of perpetuating the name and service of their lost ones.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT .- In response to the gift of the Central Fair Camp Chest donated by the Good-Intent Engine Company, to Major-General Birney, that officer in a letter says .- "I have received this very elegant present, and fully appreciate the patriotism of the Fire Department in presenting to the Fair such an elegant affair, and, although perhaps rather luxurious for a soldier in the field. I know my troops will bear with me in its use, knowing that it is the result of their own gallantry and valor in bringing my name as a general officer before my fellow-citizens."

ATTEMPTED HIGHWAY ROBBERY,-Last even ng, as Mr. O. B. Heilig, of this city, was walking along the Flourtown pike, at Chesnut Hill, he was approached by some villain, who brought him to a half and demanded his money or his life. Mr. Hellig coolly drew his revolver and told the rascal he could have neither. The foiled

robber beat a hasty retreat. STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE. - At a meeting of the State Central Committee, held yesterday afternoon, Hon. Henry J. Raymond, of the National Committee, made an address urging upon the Committee the necessity for a vigorous campaign in October, in order to carry Pennsyl-vania. Another meeting will be held this after-noon. The Grand Ratification Meeting will pro-hably come off on the 10th inst.

EIGHTH WARD NOMINATIONS .- The following ominations have been made in the Eighth Ward :- Common Council, Alexander J. Thorpe; Aldermen, John Swift, Williams Ogle; School Jackson, Alexander Colesbury; for the unexpired term of Philip Dougherty, Benjamin Kendal; Con tables, William Hinkle, Robert R. Smith. NOMINATIONS .- The Union men of the Twenty-

second Ward have placed in nomination the following ticket:—
Common Council—Knoch Taylor.
School Directors—John Rittenhouse, C.
F. Idell, Spencer Roberts, Joseph H. Hill.
Constable—John Waterhouse.

FOUND DROWNED .- A colored man, a sailor, amed Eugene Barrett, was found drowned at the foot of Washington street wharf, yesterday. Barrett, it appears, jumped from a gunboat off the Navy Yard with the intention of descriting, mands cannot injure the road, and that Rousseau but, from some unknown cause, met a watery DEDICATION .- The dedication of the Union

> ABSCONDED.-Two lads, aged 10 years each, who had absconded from the Girard College, were arrested yesterday at Marshall street and Girard avenue. LEASE OF A THEATRE.-The Keystone Club have leased the Continental Theatre for the pur-pose of holding political meetings thereat during

> Mission Chapel, at Haverford road and Logan

rects, Twenty-fourth Ward, will take place on

he campaign. RECEVITING.-This morning warrants were drawn for the payment of city bounty for forty-five men, seven of whom were substitutes.

COLLINION AND ACCIDENT. — This morning. | PRILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, SEPT. 2. abont quarter-past 6 o'clock, one of the locomo-tives on the Pennsylvania railroad ran into an ice-cart, at Twenty-second and Washington streets. The wagon was demolished, one mule killed, and the driver seriously injured. A hoy named James Taylor, aged eleven years, who was in the wagon at the time, had his arm fractured and his head severely injured. He was conveyed to the hospital.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

for Beaver Meadow, 62 for Minehill, 40 for Catawissa Preferred, and 22 for common. In Canal shares there is rather more doing, Schuvlkill Navigation preferred sold at 40 7404 Lehigh Navigation at 83, and Morris Canal

There is rather more activity in Coal Oil stocks, and prices have an upward tendency, with sales of Densmore at 131 (a)141, which is an advance; Daizell at 114, which is also better; Mineral Oil, 23; Philiadelphia and Oil Creek, 14; Perry Oil, 64; McIlbeuny, 88; Egbert, 38; and Hoge

Island, 1%. Bank shares continue firm at about former rates. 1634 was bid for North America; 614 for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 56 for Commercial; 284 for Mechanics'; 274 for Manufacturers' and Mechanics'; and 34 for Consolidation.

Gold has again advanced, and the market is active, opening at 250; advanced and sold at 253 at 11 o'clock; fell off and sold at 251 at 12; and City Passenger Railroads are without any material change. Chesuut and Walnut sold at 595, and West Philadelphia at 73; 72 was bid for

Second and Third; 50 for Tenth and Eleventh;

30% for Spruce and Pine; and 34 for Green and There is rather more demand for Money ; loans on call are taken at 6@7 per cent. per annum; best paper is selling at from 7@10 per cent. A despatch from Washington this morning says, the subscriptions to the new 7:30 loan, as reported at the Treasury Department yesterday,

amounted to \$1,050,000, and to the 10-40 loan Statistics received in Washington, show that since July 1st the increase of exports over imports at New York is \$26,000,000, in comparison

with the same period of time last year.

—The official statement of the public debt on the 30th of August shows the amount outstanding to be \$1,878,665,234, and the interest in both coin and lawful money, \$77,447,122; or an increase of the public debt since the 2d of August of \$53,074,609, and of the interest, \$1,027,090. The debt bearing interest in lawful money, \$469,197,000; the debt on which interest has ceased, \$337,470; the debt bearing no interest, \$19,111,207. The unpaid requisitions are \$78,795,000, and the amount in the treasury, \$17,189,518. It further appears that since the 2d of August the six per cent, bonds, under the act of July 17 and August 5, 1861, exchanged for seven-thirties, have inwith the same period of time last year. . 1861, exchanged for seven-thirties, have increased to the extent of fitteen minion; that the seven-thirty three year notes, under the act of July 17, 1801, have been reduced about the same amount, and the six per cent, certificates of in-detuctors, under the set of March 1, 1832, in-creased nearly twenty-eight millions.

—The Story Farm Oil Company yesterday pronounced a monthly dividend of 24 per cent. The transfer books close on the 10th instant and re-open on the 15th.

-The New Orleans Picayone of August 24 "There was some inquiry for cotton, but the article not being available, the transactions for the day have been very meagre. There are only one or two parcets of the staple in first hands for sale. Possibly parties who have been purchasing will sell out at a good round advance. From the decline in freights to New York by steamships, it is conclusive the supply of cotton for sulpment is exhausted. The steamer to leave to-morrow has accepted it can per pound freight, which is about as low as any time for the last twelve months. In other produce there have been no movements. Sugar is scarce, and western products will leave no margin for shipments to New York.

ducts will leave no margin for shipments to New York.

"The most important feature in financial circles was the announcement of General Orders No. 112, emenating from headquarters Department of the Gulf, as will appear elsewhere. An order of this import had been expected for some time by those who have daily watched the course of the currency market. It has been frequently intimated to our bank presidents and mandators, that any discrimination in regard to their issues and the Treasury legal-tenders, should be avoided, though, at the same time, the discrimination and difference were entirely beyond their control, as dealers and brokers in bank-notes consider it their legitimate business to try and sell bank issues the same as other commodities."

-The following are the receipts of Coal Oil at this port during the past week :- Crude, 2060 bbls.; Refined, 5400 bbls.

about quarter past 6 o'clock, one of the locomo-	Reported by Clarkson & Co., Brokers, Se. 121 S. Third B
tives on the Pennsylvania railroad ran into an	DEFORE BOARDS.
ice-cart, at Twenty-second and Washington	100 ab. do b31 67 200 ab do 63
streets. The wagon was demotished, one mule killed, and the driver seriously injured. A hop	100 th do
named James Taylor, aged eleven years, who	200 th Story Payor 4 W 400 sh do 144
was in the wagon at the time, had his arm frac-	100 m do
tured and his head severely injured. He was conveyed to the hospital.	200 sh do 100 4 % 200 sh Egreen Off 25
SHOOTING AFFAIR A shooting affair occurred	200 sh do 4-41 100 sh do 50 50 50
at Chesnut Hill last evening, which came near	400 sh do
proving fatal. Owen Maginnis encountered and-	2000 alle of the control of the cont
ther man at the depot who owed him some	100 ah Bull Creek
money. Maginus demanded payment, when the	100 sh do
other, with an oath, drew his revolver and fired.	100 ab do.,,,,,,,,,,,,,
The ball grazed the cheek of Maginnis inflicting a slight flesh wound. The party who fired the	\$2.6 U.S.5.50m UB 550 sh 5ch N. pf 49
pistol made his escape.	\$1000 do
RECAPTURED.—Among the prisoners taken on	The state of the second st
board the steamer Lilian, which arrived at our	100 sh Mineral Oll 25 110 sh Penns Rit 743
wharves yesterday, was Captain Westerndoff,	40 sh Locust Musert, 62 sh 50 sh 75 smarts Cas. 100 sh 100 sh Minarci Oil. 25 lio sh Fanna Rit. 74 200 sh Ph. A Oil Ork. 1 do 100 sh Panna Rit. 74 200 sh Par 7 Oil. 65 500 sh Elmite R 8 41 200 sh Par 7 Oil. 65 500 sh Elmite R 8 41 200 sh 60
who was captured on board the block ide-runner	50° ch du. 114 50 sh NPa, H. R. 46' 200 sh Perry OB. 65' 500 sh Elmite R S. 61' 200 sh Gasar, of 65' 30' sh Casar, of 65' 30' sh Phila & Erie. 30'
Bermuio two years ago. He remained in Phila- delphia, after his arrival in the Bermuda, for a	200 sh Densmore Oil 13 at sh Phills & Erie 30
year or more, and then disappeared. How he	200 ah do b30 14% 15 sh West Polls R R 75
succeeded in getting South is not known.	1 100 ab McLibetthy Ull. 252 1 25 ab Ches at Waterst 55
THE KEYSTONE CLUBThe peripatetic "Key-	900 ah Farel Gil 580 854 50 ah Lit Reh ah 42
stone Ciub" are on their way home, having left	
Pittsburg at 6 o'clock this morning; they will arrive at 11 to-night.	PRICES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK. Reported by Clarkson & Co., Brokers, So. Mt. S. Taine S. First Call., Second Co.
READ THE "COMMUNICIAL LIST AND PRICE	United States & 1881, int of 1071; bid 1071; and Rock feland Raffrond 1071; bid 1095; as
CURRENT" to-morrow, before you invest your	
money in Oil stocks.	Heading Railroad 66% ind 125 sa
"CAMPAIGN DIAL."-We are informed by the	Northwestern bid 65% as New York Contral Enlirond 199 bid
editor that the Campuign Bial will commence its daily	New York Central Railroad. 129 btd 100 at Frie Railroad. 100% btd 100 at
isauc on Thursday next. Yeoman service will be per-	Gold
formed in the loyal cause of Lincoln and Johnson. The	United States 5-20s
subscription for the entire campaign, or any portion of it. is \$2. Single copies 5 cause. Back Burn bers cannot be	JAY COOKS & Co. quote Government Secu
is \$2. Single copies 5 come. Back but bers cannot be supplied; hence the necessity of subscribing at once. Office No. 198 S. Third street, third floor.	ties, &c., to noon to-day, as follows:- U. S. 6s, 1881
A FEW MORE PLAIN FACTS.—The Wheeler &	
Wilson Sewing Machine is the best, most simple, cheapost,	U. S. 7 3-10 Notes
More of the Wheeler & Wilson are in use than all other	Quartermaster's Vouchers 90 91
Sewing Machines combined; 50,000 a year are sold; 500)	6-20 Bonds
are in use in Philadelphia.	DE HAVEN & BRO., No. 20 S. Third stree
Wheeler & Wilson's is the only perfect family Machine. Every Machine Warranted, and the money returned if not	quote as follows:-
entirely satisfactory.	American Gold 250 25
All good dressmakers, seamstresses, shirt-makers, and tailoresses use the Wheeler & Wilson in preference to any	American Silver, 4's and 4's 230 Dimes and Half Dimes 222
other Sewing Machine.	Spanish Quarters 272
other Newling Machine. Unliand examine. No charge for instruction, whether you wish to purchase or not. Instruction given at the real-drace of purchasers if desired. Salesroom No.704 Chesum	Penn. Currency
dence of purchasers if desired. Salesroom No. 704 Chesunt street, above Seventh.	
A DECIDED IMPROVEMENTThe artificial arm,	Quotations of the principal Coal and Coal Coal stocks at 1 o'clock to-day:
invented by Mr D. W. Kolbe, No. 32 S. Ninth street, above	Bid Ask. Bid A
Chesnut has been adopted by the Army Board of Sur- geons which recently seet in New York, and he has re-	
ceived orders to proceed with its manufacture. This limb	N. Y. & Mid. Coal. 22 23 Senera Oil 15 Green Mt. Coal 6 6 6 Greante Off 1
combines various excellencies not found in those of other	N. Carbondale 3 4 Franklin Ott 156
manufacturers. First The entire machinery is of steel, thus preventing that liability to decangement found in	Feeder Dam Coal. 3 4 Howe's Eddy Off. 15 Cinton Coal. 15 15 Friend Off
ii also whose mechanism is governed by catgut, its Becond. The nand is removable from the arm, and at the wrist is a socket capable of holding almost any kind of tool, or im-	Penn Mining 636 Butler Coal B
socket capable of holding almost any kind of tool, or im-	Eina Mining 13 15 Densmore
&c., &c. Third. The weight is less by some ounces than	Phills, and Restore S Dairell Oil 1 Mandan Mining 5 Mellhenry 834
premiert, such as a kulin, fork, spoon, chiest, screw-driver, &c. Thiro. The weight is less by some ounces that the mest fragile and less durable of its competitors. These in need of such a large and particularly our crippled codders—should washinte this beautiful and useful pion	Marquette Mining. 3 4 Roberts Off
of weakmanahly.	Oil Creek 5 5 Hoole & Delameter, 15 1 Maple Shade Off. 16 16 Petroleum Centre, 34
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS fitted out with Shades	Oil Creek a State of the Marie Shade Oil . 16 163 Percelona Centre 34 Marie Shade Oil . 6% 7 Egbert
and upholstery, by W. Henry Patten, No. 1408	Permayivania Pet
Chesnut street.	Mineral Oil 2% 2% Excelsior Oil 1% Koystone Oil 1% 1% Story Parm 4%
FINANCE AND COMMERCE.	Venango Ott 15 15 Hibbard 25
THERETOE AND COMMENCE	-The following is the Boston Bank stateme
OFFICE OF THE EVENTED THEREERY,	Capital stock
There is a better feeling to notice in the	Loans and discounts
Stock Market this morning, and prices are	to be care a service a ser
steady. Government bonds have advanced, with	Due to other banks 10,110,0
sales of 5-20s at 1104. 7-30s are quoted at 1114,	Deposits 28,495.0
and 6s of 1881 at 108. Railroad shares are quiet,	-Statement of Deposits and Coinage at 1
but prices are firm. Pennsylvania Railroad sold	Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, duri
at 741; Reading, 661; North Pennsylvania, 344;	the month of Angust, 1864;—
and Philadelphia and Brie, 34%. 156 was bid for	Commence of the second
Camden and Amboy, 464 for Little Schuylkill, 90	From all sources \$395,411
for Beaver Meadow, 62 for Minehill, 40 for Cata-	SHARR DRIOSITS.

SILVER DRIGSTY Including Silver Purchases..... 11,481-25 Total Deposits 405,893-15 Denomination. No. of Pieces.
Double Eagles.....29,150 \$586,251-88 Total.....29,158 2 400 360 143-90 Fine Bars 6

7,302,663 \$709,505-68 PHILADELPHIA TRADE REPORT.

| BECAPITULATION | Total Volume | To

\$20,253.80

\$40,400 62,600

#103,090

Cents......4,040,000
Two cent pieces......3,130,000

Total---- 7,170,000

FRIDAY, September 2.-Cotton is dall and There is a good demand for Quercitron Bark at \$51 if ton. The receipts continue light, and

the stock is almost exhausted. The Provision Market is firm, but rather quiet The Flour market is rather quiet, and prices are unchanged. The export demand is limited, and the only transactions reported are 500 bbls Blue Ridge Family at \$13 (p' barrel, and 200 bbls fancy at \$13. The retailers and bakers purchase at yesterday's figures. In Rye Flour and Corn

Meal no movement worth noticing. the demand good, with sales of old Pennsylv and Western red at \$2.50@2.55; new do. at \$2.65 @2-67; 1200 bushels choice Kentucky white at 63, and 1000 bushels fair do at \$2.90. A small sale of red is reported at \$2.85. There is not much demand for Corn; yellow sells in a small way at \$1.73, and mixed Western at \$1.71. Small sales of new Outs are making at 88 cents, and old at 95 cents. No sales of Barley or Mult

have come under our notice. Whisky is in limited request at \$1-87 for Ohio barrels, with sales of 100 barrels, and at \$1.85 for

LATEST MARINE INTELLIGENCE, CLEARED THIS MORNING.

Ship Wyoming, Burton, Liverpeol, Cope Bros.
Brig Belle, Ford, Port Royal Teler & Co.
Brig J H. Kennedy, Smith, Port Royal Captein,
Brig O. C. Ciary, Baker, Salem, J. E. Hasler & Co.
Brig S. O. Angus, Holland, New Orleans, H. A. Adams.
Schr H. G. Pease, ——, Senbrook, Captalla. United States transport steamer Virginia, Snyder, 34 ours from Fortress Monroe, for repairs to United States artermaser. Schr Maria Hall, Gardeld, 5 days from Baltimore, with

mdes to captain. Acht Lovet Feacock, Lingo, 6 days from Washington, in ballast to captain. Correspondence of the Philadephia Exchange.
Lawks, Dui., September 1.—Steamers America; Here
of Jersey, from New York for Fortress Monroe, brig stonics, from Bangor for Masanasa, put in for water; salars
U. for Saybrook Allisator, for Calab, and Couries, for
Performenth, N. H., all from Philadephia, are at the
Break-water. Wind N.
Yours, &c.,

Fours, &c.,

IMPORTATIONS.

Reported for The Evening Teleprops.

Liventroot.—Ship J. B. De Wolfe, Brudshaw—In Toine pig iron &c. cash sada sah 35 res bisaching powders 8 & de Wolfe, in the Core from K w Bailwin & Or, 1870 bone w Wolsh, 1765 bars from K w Bailwin & Or, 1870 bone w Wolsh, 1765 bars from K w Bailwin & Or, 1870 bone w Wolsh, 1765 bars from K w Bailwin & Or, 1870 bone w Wolsh Live W Pouts; 8885 bars 1919 did iron Steebars 200 bals iron W Pouts; 8885 bars 1919 did iron Steebars 200 bals iron W Pouts; 8885 bars 1919 did iron Steebars 200 bals iron Whitalwar & Core a Whitalwar; 586 bdis sarip iron Moores, Tasker & Or or as an anothinger M Landerburger; 10 cashs modas R Har & Cori 200 do 200 bdis sal souls C W Churchman; 58 discass modas and 100 bdis sal sand a Cori 200 cashs do 30 fees bisaching powders Tasmall & Trimbie & Cori 200 do 200 between the Cori 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do 200 do

EIGHTH WARD BOUNTY FUND. than fifty mean. To raise this number citizen of the Ward must lend its number citizen of the Ward must lend his best Ecorum can be got to credit themselves to it only by the personal exerctions of each individual in in anticipating the monitorments of the faref.

Subscription: should be made of them for the pand sent without design to and sent without design to any control of the pand sent without design to any control of the pand sent without design to any control of the pand sent without design to any control of the pand sent without design to any control of the pand sent without design to any control of the pand sent without the pand sent the pand sent without the pand